United States Department of State



Washington, D.C. 20520

July 17, 2020 F-2020-05997

Aaron Siri Siri & Glimstad LLP 200 Park Avenue 17th Floor New York, NY 10166

Dear Mr. Siri:

This is in response to your April 15, 2020, request submitted pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, to the Department of State for a copy of the January 19, 2018, cable from the State Department, drafted by the U.S. embassy's environment, science and health sections, regarding visits by U.S. science diplomats to the Wuhan Institute of Virology, as referenced by the Washington Post. The Department of State, Office of Information Programs and Services (IPS) received your request on May 28, 2020, and assigned it tracking number F-2020-05997. Please include the tracking number in all future communications concerning this FOIA request.

Please be advised that this cable is now available on the Department of State's website. You can find that link here: https://foia.state.gov/Search/Results.aspx?collection=FOIA_Jul2020

This action closes your request with this office. For further assistance or to discuss any aspect of your request, you may contact our FOIA Requester Service Center or our FOIA Public Liaison via email at FOIAstatus@state.gov or by telephone at (202) 261-8484.

Sincerely,

Edgar Malone Edgar Malone Malone Office of Information Programs and Services

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MRN: **18 BEIJING 138**

Date/DTG: Jan 19, 2018 / 190739Z JAN 18

AMEMBASSY BEIJING From:

Action: WASHDC, SECSTATE ROUTINE

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TAGS: SHLH, ETRD, ECON, PGOV, CN

Captions: **SENSITIVE** Reference: 17 WUHAN 48

Subject: China Opens First Bio Safety Level 4 Laboratory

1. (SBU) S	Summary and Comment: The Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) has recently
established	what is reportedly China's first Biosafety Level 4 (BSL-4) laboratory in Wuhan.
This state-o	of-the-art facility is designed for prevention and control research on diseases that
require the	highest level of biosafety and biosecurity containment. Ultimately, scientists hope
the lab will	contribute to the development of new antiviral drugs and vaccines, but its current
productivity	y is limited by a shortage of the highly trained technicians and investigators required
	erate a BSL-4 laboratory and a lack of clarity in related Chinese government policies
and guideli	nes. (b)(5)
(b)(5)	
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(b)(5)	End Summary and Comment

China Investing in Infectious Disease Control

End Summary and Comment.

2. (U) Between November 2002 and July 2003, China faced an outbreak of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), which, according to the World Health Organization, resulting in 8,098 cases and leading to 774 deaths reported in 37 countries. A majority of cases occurred in China, where the fatality rate was 9.6%. This incident convinced China to prioritize international cooperation for infectious disease control. An aspect of this prioritization was China's work with the Jean Merieux BSL-4 Laboratory in Lyon, France, to build China's first high containment laboratory at Wuhan's Institute of Virology (WIV), an institute under the auspices of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS). Construction took 11 years and \$44 million USD, and construction on the facility was completed on January 31, 2015. Following

UNCLASSIFIED Page 1 of 3 two years of effort, which is not unusual for such facilities, the WIV lab was accredited in February 2017 by the China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment. It occupies four floors and consists of over 32,000 square feet. WIV leadership now considers the lab operational and ready for research on class-four pathogens (P4), among which are the most virulent viruses that pose a high risk of aerosolized person-to-person transmission.

Unclear Guidelines on Virus Access and a Lack of Trained Talent Impede Research

3. (SBU) In addition to accreditation, the lab must also receive permission from the National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC) to initiate research on specific highly contagious pathogens. According to some WIV scientists, it is unclear how NHFPC determines what viruses can or cannot be studied in the new laboratory. To date, WIV has obtained permission for research on three viruses: Ebola virus, Nipah virus, and Xinjiang hemorrhagic fever virus (a strain of Crimean Congo hemorrhagic fever found in China's Xinjiang Province). Despite this permission, however, the Chinese government has not allowed the WIV to import Ebola viruses for study in the BSL-4 lab. Therefore, WIV scientists are frustrated and have pointed out that they won't be able to conduct research project with Ebola viruses at the new BSL-4 lab despite of the permission.

b)(6)
Thus, while the BSL-4 lab is ostensibly fully accredited, its utilization is
limited by lack of access to specific organisms and by opaque government review and approval
processes. As long as this situation continues, Beijing's commitment to prioritizing infectious
disease control - on the regional and international level, especially in relation to highly
pathogenic viruses, remains in doubt.
noted that the new lab
has a serious shortage of appropriately trained technicians and investigators needed to safely
operate this high-containment laboratory. University of Texas Medical Branch in Galveston
(UTMB), which has one of several well-established BSL-4 labs in the United States (supported
by the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID of NIH)), has scientific
collaborations with WIV, which may help alleviate this talent gap over time. Reportedly,
researchers from GTMB are helping train technicians who work in the WIV BSL-4 lab. Despite
this, (b)(6) they would welcome more help from U.S. and
international organizations as they establish "gold standard" operating procedures and training
courses for the first time in China. As China is building more BSL-4 labs, including one in
Harbin Veterinary Research Institute subordinated to the Chinese Academy of Agricultural
Sciences (CAAS) for veterinary research use (b)(6) the training for
technicians and investigators working on dangerous pathogens will certainly be in demand.
Despite Limitations, WIV Researchers Produce SARS Discoveries

UNCLASSIFIED Page 2 of 3

the use of the new BSL-4 SARS. Over a five-year sibats in Yunnan province we funding agencies. The stu (1), and it demonstrated the cave contain all the buildin human outbreak. These reoriginated in this bat popu SARS-like coronaviruses of coronavirus. This finding stransmitted to humans to comakes the continued surved human interface critical to (b)(5) WIV sci from bats while they are putheir new BSL-4 lab until 1. Hu B, Zeng L-P, Yang pool of bat SARS-relations.	VIV scientists to undertake productive research defacility is demonstrated by a recent publication of tudy, (b)(6) (and their research tear with funding support from NIAID/NIH, USAID, and their research tear with funding support from NIAID/NIH, USAID, and the support of the published in PLoS Pathogens on at a SARS-like coronaviruses isolated from horse and blocks of the pandemic SARS-coronavirus general subject to the pandemic strongly suggest that the highly pathogenic lation. Most importantly, the researchers also show that the highly pathogenic lation. Most importantly, the researchers also show the strongly suggests that SARS-like coronaviruses from the strongly suggests that SARS-like coronaviruses in bats and structure of SARS-like disease. From a public health position of SARS-like coronavirus outbreak prediction entists are allowed to study the SARS-like coronavirus are cluded from studying human-disease causing Spermission for such work is granted by the NHFO (X-L, Ge X-Y, Zhang W, Li B, et al. (2017) Disconditional production of the strongly suggests https://doi.org/10.1371/jo.html	n the origins of m) widely sampled and several Chinese ine on Nov. 30, 2017 eshoe bats in a single nome that caused the SARS-coronavirus owed that various tified for SARS- from bats can be erspective, this tudy of the animal- and prevention. (b)(5) aviruses isolated ARS coronavirus in CP.
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UNCLASSIFIED Page 3 of 3